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# Bush included as Carter aides list Ford 'dumping ground' appointees

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Plains, Ga.—As George Bush, director of Central Intelligence, was walking across Jimmy Carter's front lawn yesterday on the way to a briefing for the Democratic presidential candidate, a list was circulated here, prepared by the Carter staff, that condemned Mr. Bush's appointment by President Ford.

Mr. Bush, along with Thomas S. Kleppe, Secretary of the Interior, was cited by the Carter campaign among examples of Mr. Ford's using top-level posts as a "dumping ground for unsuccessful candidates."

The list was drafted to document charges made by Mr. Carter in a speech Wednesday to the American Bar Association in Atlanta.

Mr. Carter, challenging the President's argument that he had restored public trust in government, attacked Mr. Ford's appointment of defeated Republican candidates, "faithful political partisans, out-of-favor White House aides and representatives of special interests."

The charges were devoid of publicly stated examples, but a copy of the back-up list was given by a staff member to one or two newsmen Wednesday, on the eve of Mr. Bush's arrival for his second briefing on national security for Mr. Carter and his running mate, Senator Walter F. Mondale (D., Minn.).

So many copies were duplicated by reporters that the embarrassed Carter staff itself began distributing them.

Questioned about his name on the list as he left Mr. Carter, Mr. Bush, professing ignorance of the attack, said, "I didn't feel

any tension at the meeting. This is a professional operation. It's not going to have any impact in our doing a thorough, professional job."

Before and after the six-hour intelligence briefing, Mr. Carter continued to try to curry political favor for the fall campaign.

In the late afternoon, he met with Gov. Edmund G. Brown, Jr., of California, the last candidate to enter the race against Mr. Carter and the last rival to be reconciled to the Democratic nominee.

It was their first meeting since last month's convention, where Mr. Brown commented, "I don't view this as some kind of ending but as a beginning for me."

Mr. Brown, who prevented a Carter victory in five primaries in the final stages of the campaign, said he intended to assure Mr. Carter that he would use "all my energy" to bring about a Carter victory in November.

"He's a good person, I like him," said Mr. Brown, who once had accused Mr. Carter of trying to "buy" the California primary.

Despite Mr. Brown's special pledge to help win California's large bloc of 45 electoral votes, Mr. Carter will begin campaigning there himself August 22 with stops in Los Angeles and San Francisco, his staff announced.

He also will attend a fundraising reception for Representative Morris K. Udall (D., Ariz.), his closest opponent at the end of the primaries.

In the morning, Mr. Carter met with two leaders of the Italian-American Foundation, Jeno Paulucci and Frank Be-

fera. Mr. Carter said later that his knowledge of discrimination had been confined to blacks in the South, but he said he hoped, if elected, to "alleviate" discrimination against Italian-Americans.

Aside from Mr. Bush and Mr. Kleppe, some of the others on the Carter staff list were Richard Roudebush, defeated in a bid for the Senate from Indiana in 1972, and later named by Mr. Ford as head of the Veterans Administration, and Jack Eckerd, named by Mr. Ford as head of the General Services Administration after he failed to win election to the Senate in 1974 from Florida.

Mr. Bush, who became head of the CIA in November, lost races for the Senate in Texas in 1964 and 1970. Mr. Kleppe lost a bid for the Senate in North Dakota in 1974.

Last June, Mr. Carter specifically asked Mr. Ford for briefings on national security by the CIA rather than the State Department because he said he did not want policy-oriented material.

Included on the list of "out-of-favor White House aides" was Gen. Alexander Haig, a former top Nixon aide named by Mr. Ford as supreme commander of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

Among the "representatives of special interests" named by Mr. Ford were Robert Morris, a San Francisco lawyer who represented the Standard Oil Company of California, to the Federal Power Commission, and Melvin A. Conant, a former Exxon official, as an assistant administrator of the Federal Energy Administration. Mr. Morris was not confirmed by the Senate.